



## SDC SOLENOID DESIGN NOTE #186

**TITLE:** Superconductor Mechanical Test

**AUTHOR:** K. Tanaka (KEK) and T. Sano (Furukawa Co.)

**DATE:** Dec. 8, 1992

---

This design note is one of a series which represents the proceedings of the SDC solenoid subgroup meeting held in Japan on December 8-11, 1992. The plan and purpose of the meeting was to:

- Look at the prototype coil winding and honeycomb vessel R&D in Japan
- Reports of technical progress from each group
- Plan and schedule for the prototype magnet assembly and test
- Discussions on design of the SDC solenoid power supply
- Discussions on cryogenic design for the SDC solenoid
- Discussions on responsibilities for the cryogenics fabrication
- Response to the report of the DOE review sub-committee
- Publications and presentations of the technical progress

## **SDC Solenoid Subgroup Meeting in Japan**

---

### **Superconductor Mechanical Test**

**K. Tanaka (KEK)**

**Dec. 9, 1992**

---

SDC Solenoid Subgroup Meeting in Japan

'92.12.9

# SUPERCONDUCTOR FOR SDC SOLENOID

--- MECHANICAL STRENGTH TEST ---

K.TANAKA (KEK)  
T.SANO (FURUKAWA Co.)

# CONTENTS

1. Electromagnetic Load Calculation
2. Simple Tensile Load Test Result
3. Test Plan for the Mechanical Stability of Superconductor under Hybrid Load ( $F_h+F_z$ ) Condition
4. Appendix

# PARAMETERS OF SDC SOLENOID

Dimensions:

Cryostat	Inner radius	1.70 m
	Outer radius	2.05 m
	Half length	4.39 m
Coil	Effective radius	1.84 m
	Half length	4.15 m
Transparency (Radiation length)		1.2 X <sub>0</sub>

Electrical:

Central field	2 T
Nominal current	8,000 A
Inductance	4.6 H
Stored Energy	146 MJ
Stored energy / Effective cold mass	7.4 kJ/kg

Mechanical:

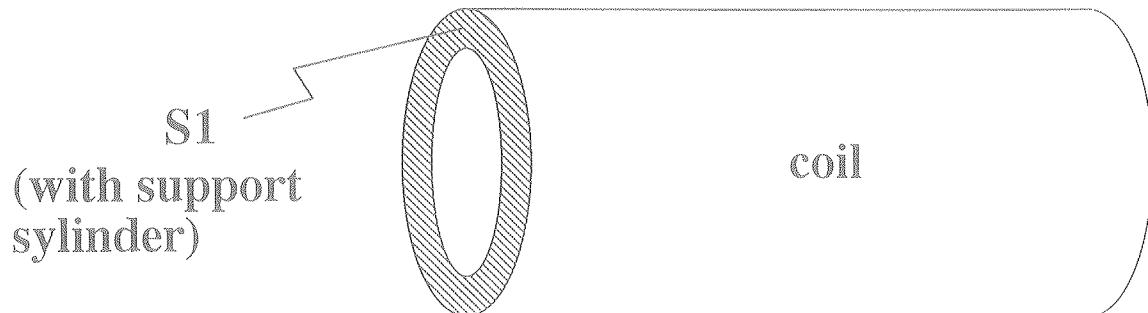
Effective cold mass	20 ton.
Total cold mass	22 ton.
Total magnet weight	apr.30 ton.
Radial magnetic pressure	1.6 MPa
Axial compressive force	13 MN
Axial decentering force (at ΔZ=2.5 cm)	0.4 MN

# ELECTRO MAGNETIC STRESS

## 1. Axial compressive stress

$F=1300$  ton (at  $z=0$ ) axial comp. force

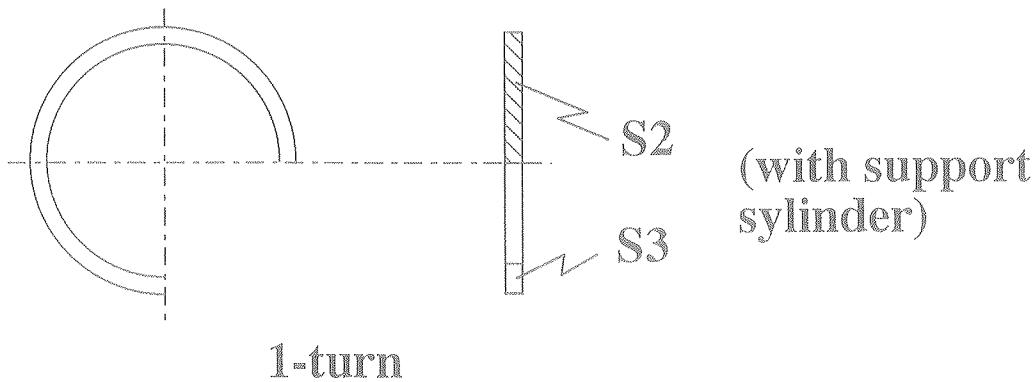
$$\Rightarrow \sigma_z = \frac{F}{S1} = \frac{1.3 \times 10^6}{2 \times \pi \times 1855.5 \times 75}$$
$$= 1.49 \text{ [kgf/mm}^2\text{ ]}$$
$$= 14.6 \text{ [MPa]}$$



## 2. Hoop Stress

$$\sigma_r = 0.16 \text{ [kgf/mm}^2\text{]} \quad \text{radial magnetic press.}$$

$$\Rightarrow \sigma_h = \frac{\sigma_r \times S_2}{S_3} = \frac{0.16 \times 1855.5 \times 4.4}{75 \times 4.4} \\ = 3.96 \text{ [kgf/mm}^2\text{]} \\ = 38.8 \text{ [MPa]}$$



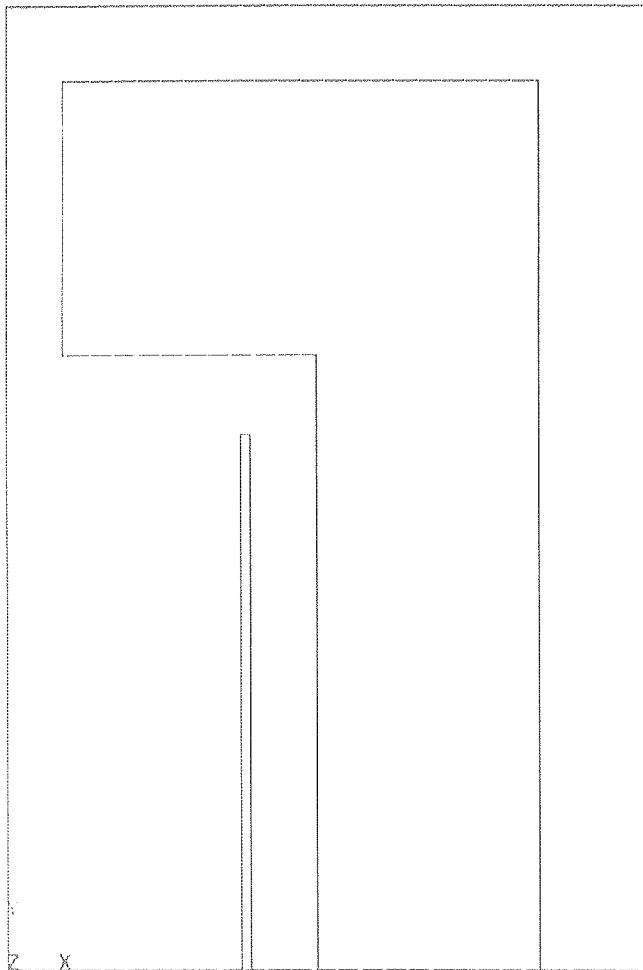
## simulation with "ANSYS" code

The magnetic field , magnetic force and stress was simulated with "ANSYS" code.

The following are parameters used for simulation.

coil effective radius	1.84 m
half length	4.15 m
thickness (conductor)	0.044 m
thickness (support cyl.)	0.036 m
coil-end-end-cap distance	0.616 m
end cap thickness	2.143 m
	1.72 m
nominal current	8000 A
Young's modulus	$7.2 \times 10^{10}$ N/m <sup>2</sup>
Poisson ratio	0.345

1



SDC-emf-192.12.02 (from piko32.inp)

ANSYS 4.4A  
DEC 7 1992  
18:51:30  
POST1 ELEMENTS  
MAT NUM

ZV = 1  
DIST = 4.125  
XF = 2.5  
YF = 3.75  
EDGE

POST1 ELEMENTS  
MAT NUM

ZV = 1  
DIST = 4.125  
XF = 2.5  
YF = 3.75  
EDGE

1

ANSYS 4.4A  
DEC 9 1992  
6:49:18  
POST1 VECTOR  
STEP=2  
ITER=20  
FFX  
ELFM=184  
18356  
32464  
46573  
60681  
74789  
86897  
  
117114  
131222  
  
ZV = 1  
DIST=2.292  
XF = 1.84  
YF = 2.083  
EDGE

Z X

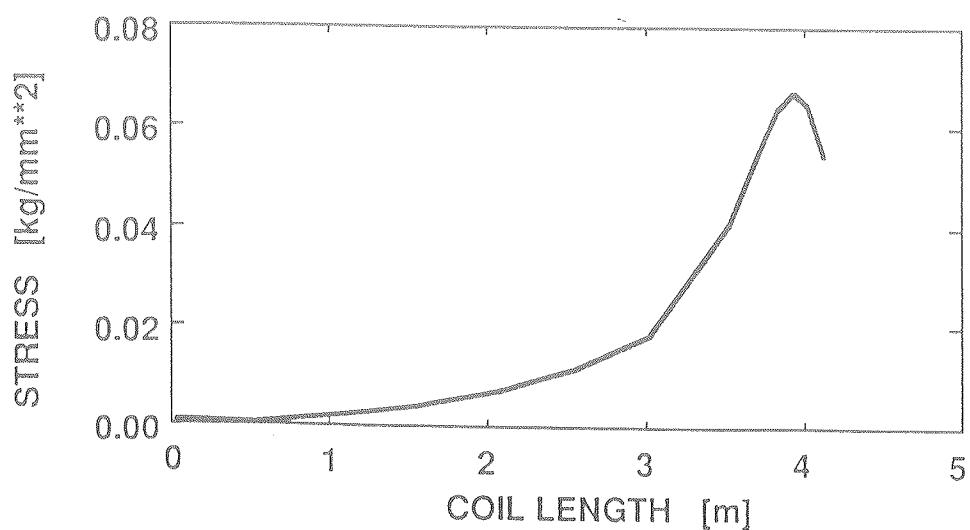
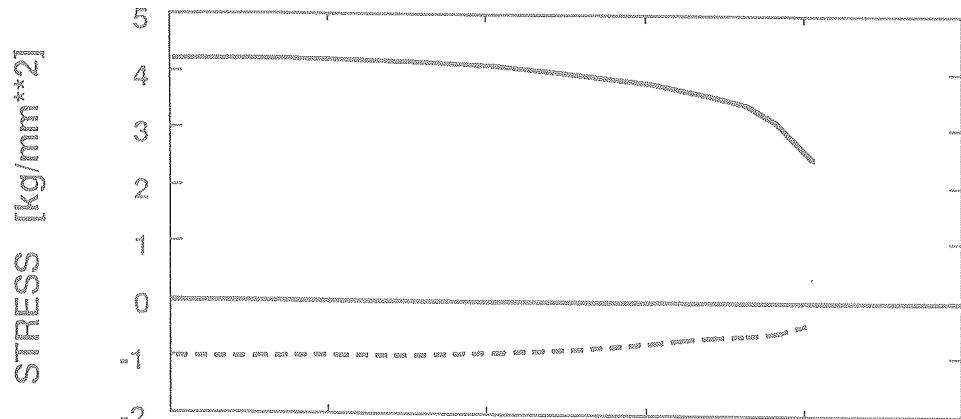
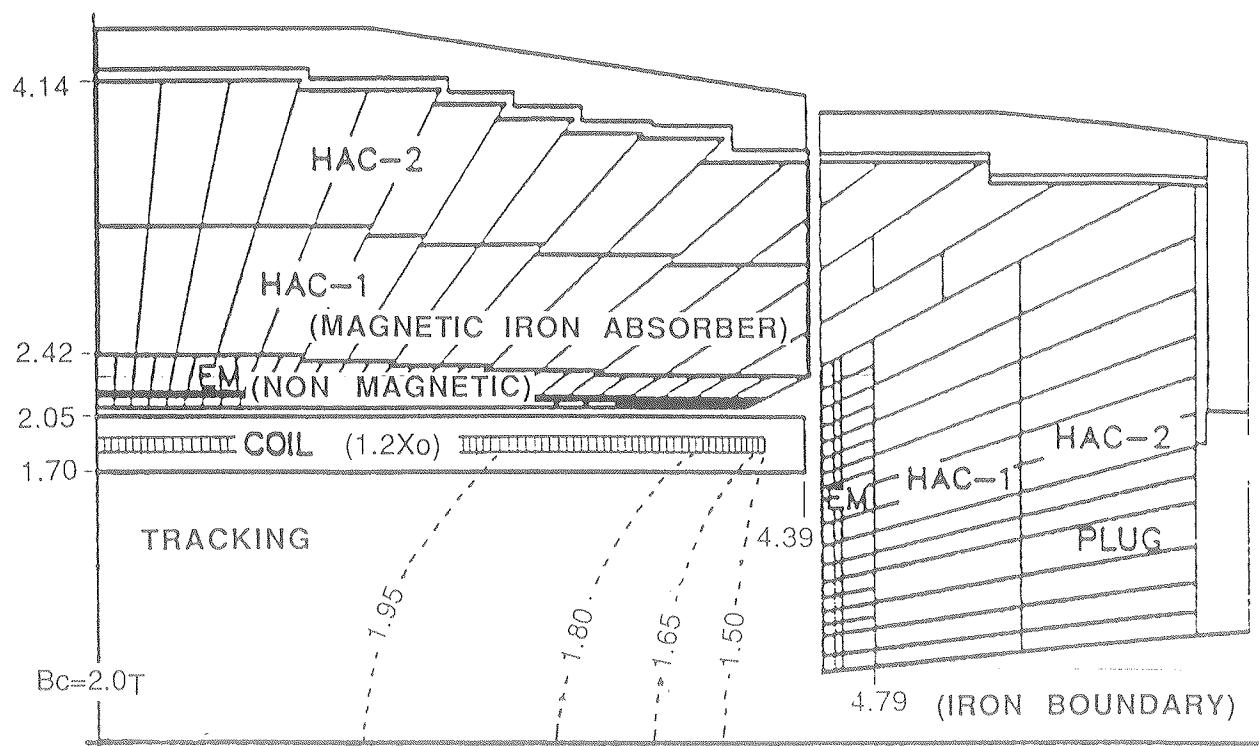
SDC-emf-192.12.02 (from pikos2.inp)

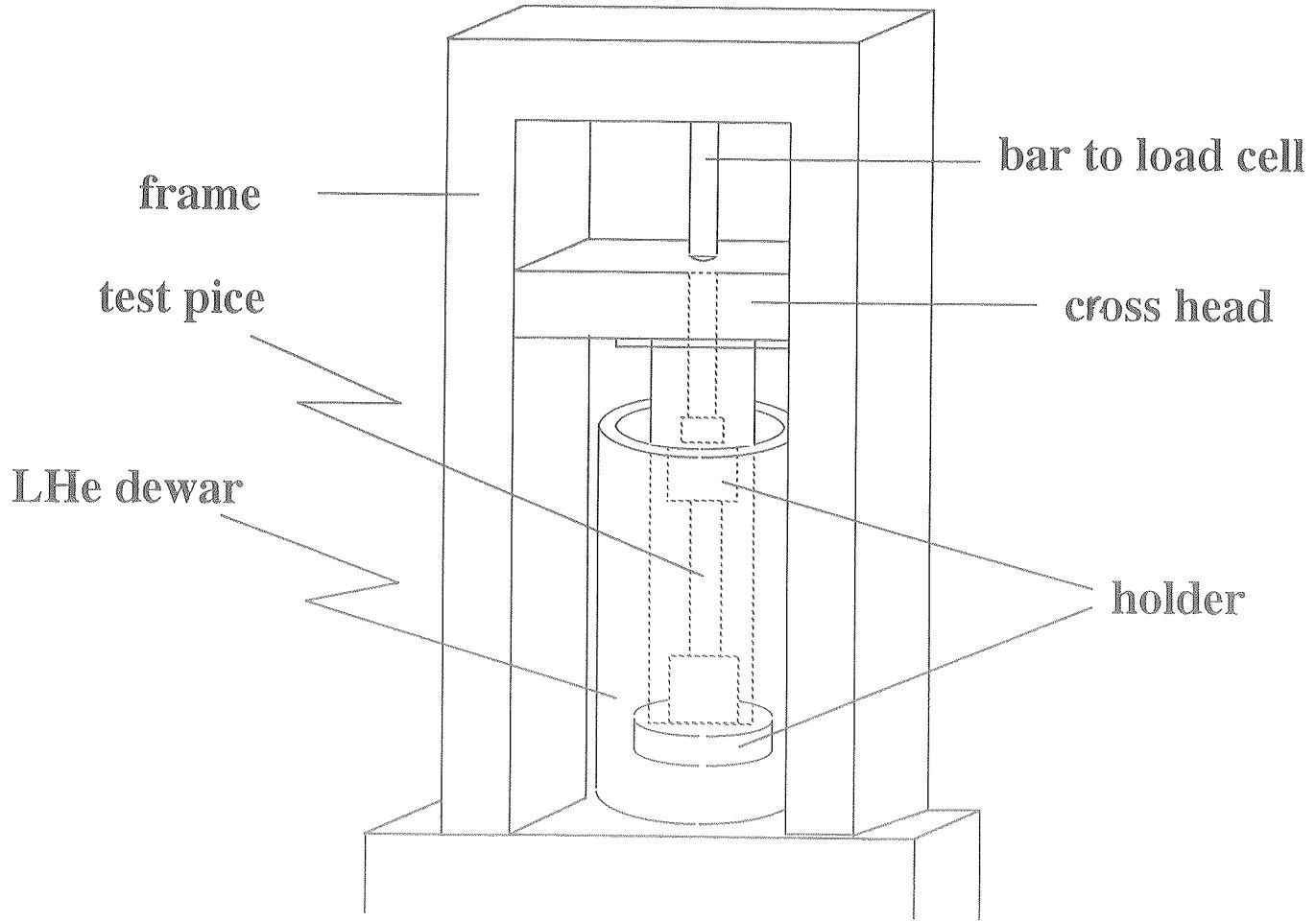
1

ANSYS 4.4A  
DEC 9 1992  
6:41:55  
POST1 ELEMENTS  
TYPE NUM  
  
ZV = 1  
DIST = 2.292  
XF = 1.84  
YF = 2.083

Z—X

SDC-emf-'92.12.02 (from pikos2.inp)





testing machine and test setup

## RESULTS OF SIMPLE TENSILE LOAD TEST

	TENSILE STRENGTH [kgf/mm <sup>2</sup> ]		
	R.T.	LN2	LHe
lot1-1	10.9	17.2	20.9
lot1-2	10.9	17.3	20.9
lot2-1	10.3	16.3	20.5
lot2-2	10.3	16.3	20.3
lot3-1	10.5	16.4	20.0
lot3-2	10.5	16.1	20.3

	TENSILE STRENGTH [kgf/mm <sup>2</sup> ]		
	R.T.	LN2	LHe
lot1-1	5.7	14.9	29.5
lot1-2	6.0	14.8	29.6
lot2-1	5.9	13.7	29.3
lot2-2	5.8	13.5	29.1
lot3-1	5.7	13.7	29.4
lot3-2	5.7	13.6	29.5

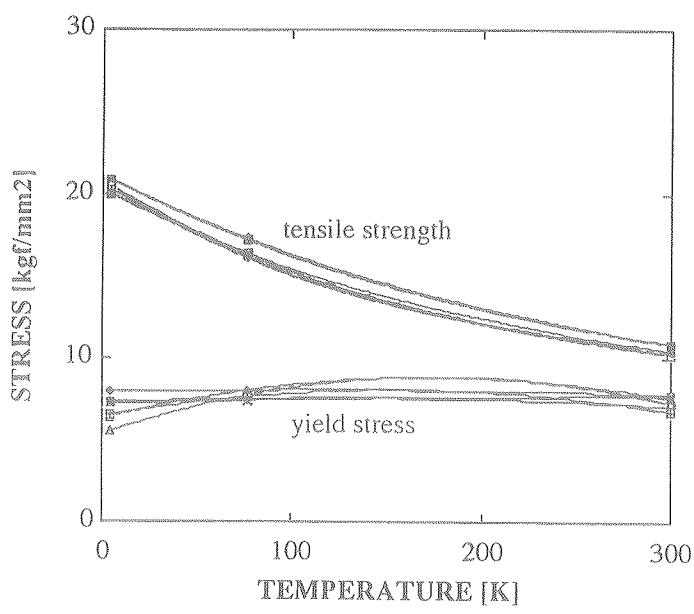
	YIELD STRESS [kgf/mm <sup>2</sup> ]		
	R.T.	LN2	LHe
lot1-1	7.1	7.5	7.3
lot1-2	7.8	8.0	7.9
lot2-1	7.6	8.0	6.4
lot2-2	7.3	7.7	5.5
lot3-1	6.8	7.6	6.5
lot3-2	7.7	7.4	7.2

Superconductor Overall

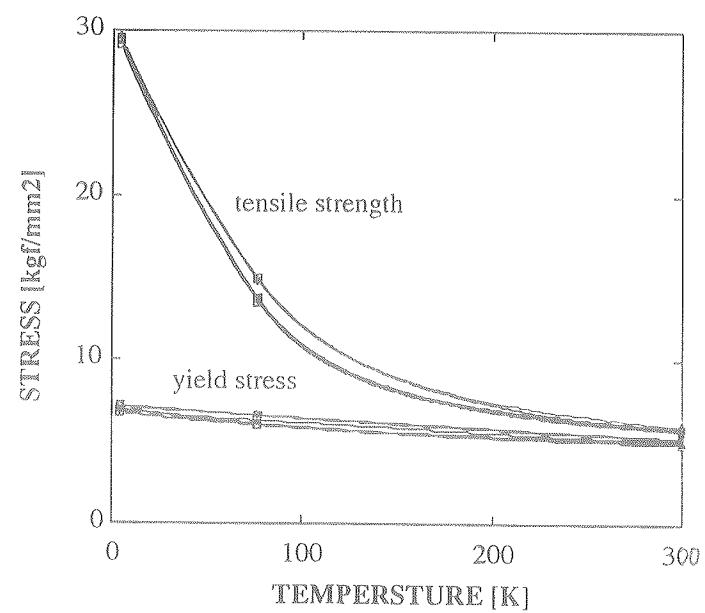
	YIELD STRESS [kgf/mm <sup>2</sup> ]		
	R.T.	LN2	LHe
lot1-1	5.2	5.2	7.2
lot1-2	5.3	5.3	7.1
lot2-1	5.0	6.1	6.9
lot2-2	4.9	6.0	6.7
lot3-1	5.0	6.3	6.8
lot3-2	5.1	6.1	7.0

Al-Stabilizer Only

STRENGTH TEST (overall)



STRENGTH TEST (Al-stabilizer)



## SIMPLE TENSILE LOAD TEST RESULT

## **COMBINED STRESS**

### **1. Objective**

There are two stress in the coil at the same time (axial compressive & hoop) .

Therefore it is necessary to evaluate conductor mechanical performance under combined stress condition.

### **2. How to make stress**

tensile stress : by using testing machine

compressive stress : by using springs

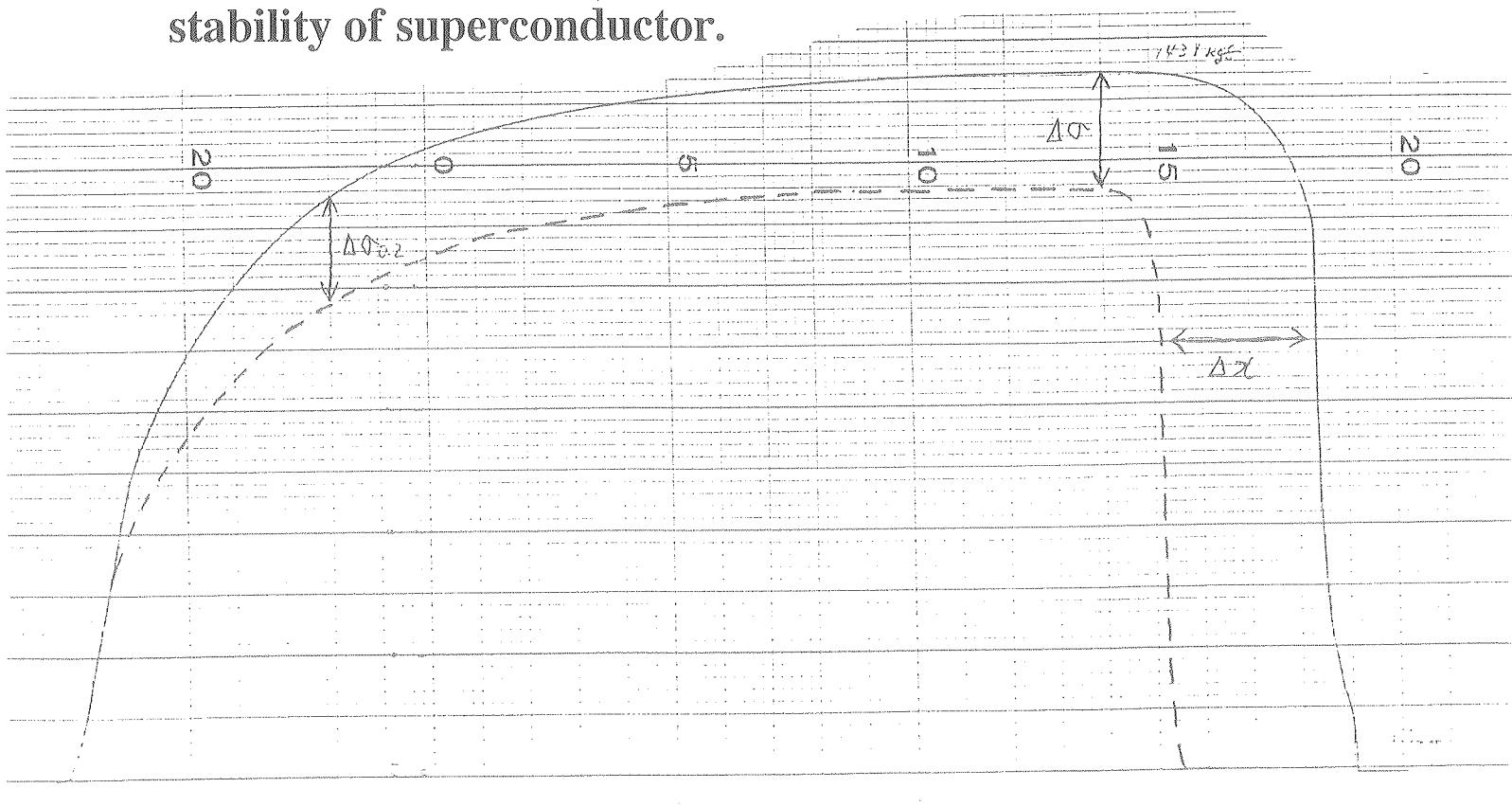
### **3. Present status**

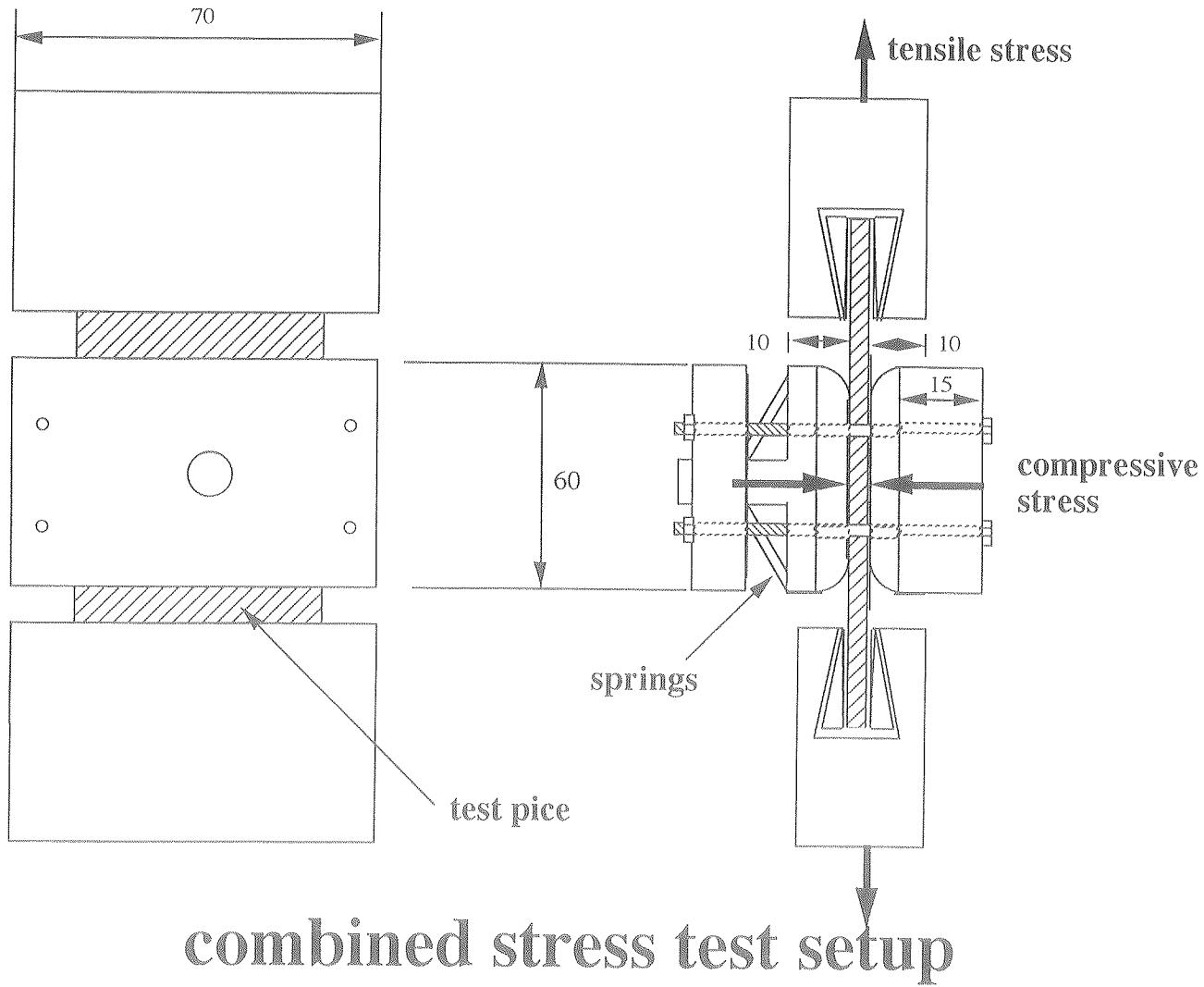
We have finished making parts for the test.

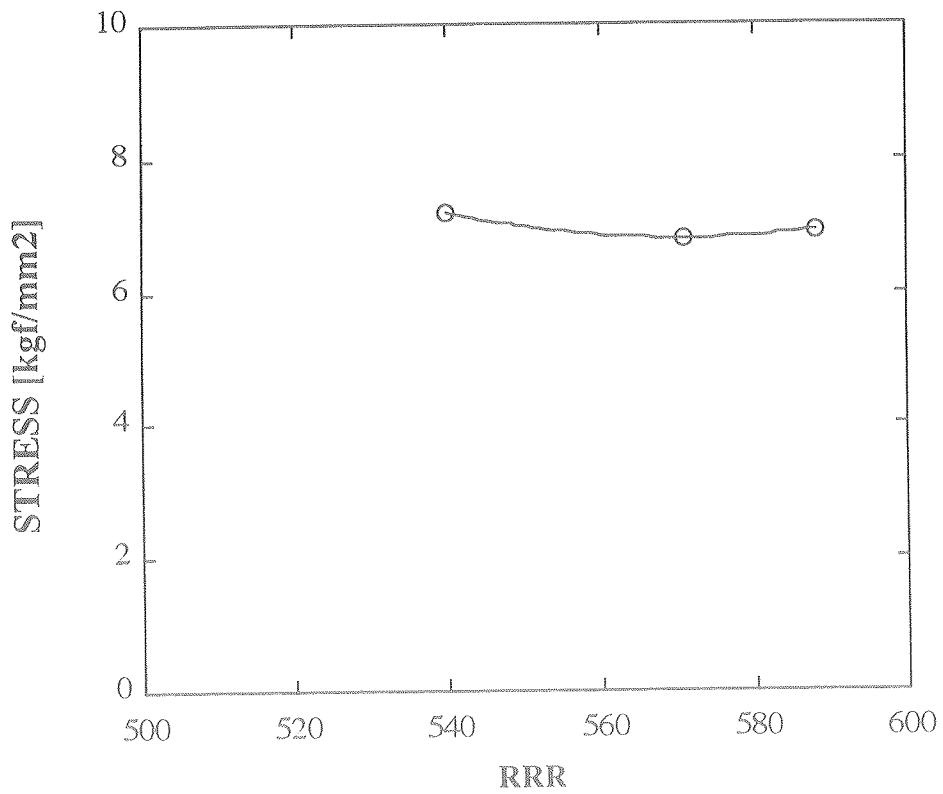
We are checking the parts and test set now.

In this graph, solid line means measured load under simple tensile load condition.

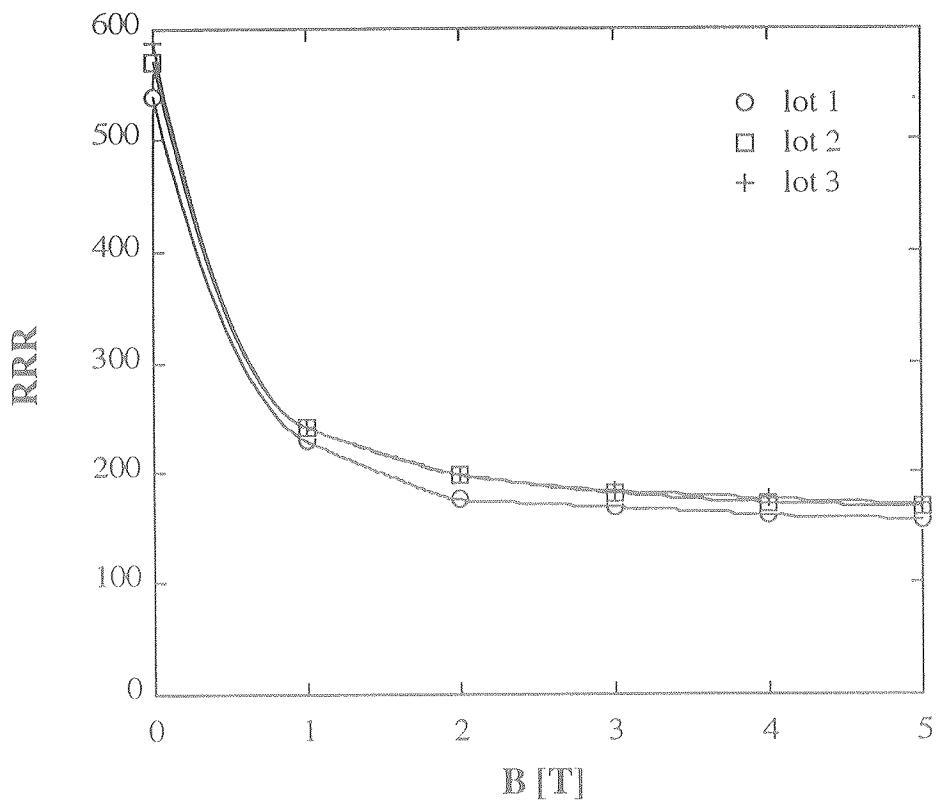
We must obtain  $\Delta\sigma_{0.2}$ ,  $\Delta\sigma$  and  $\Delta x$  to evaluate the mechanical stability of superconductor.



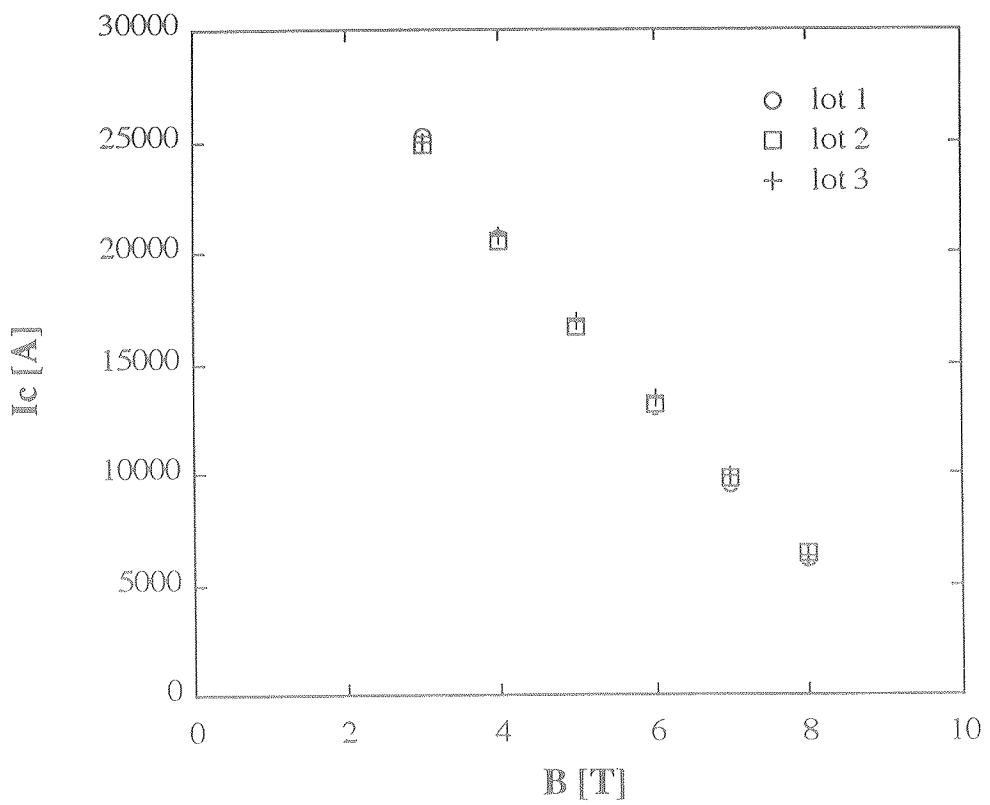




Yield Strength vs. RRR

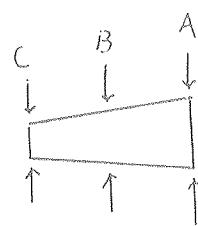
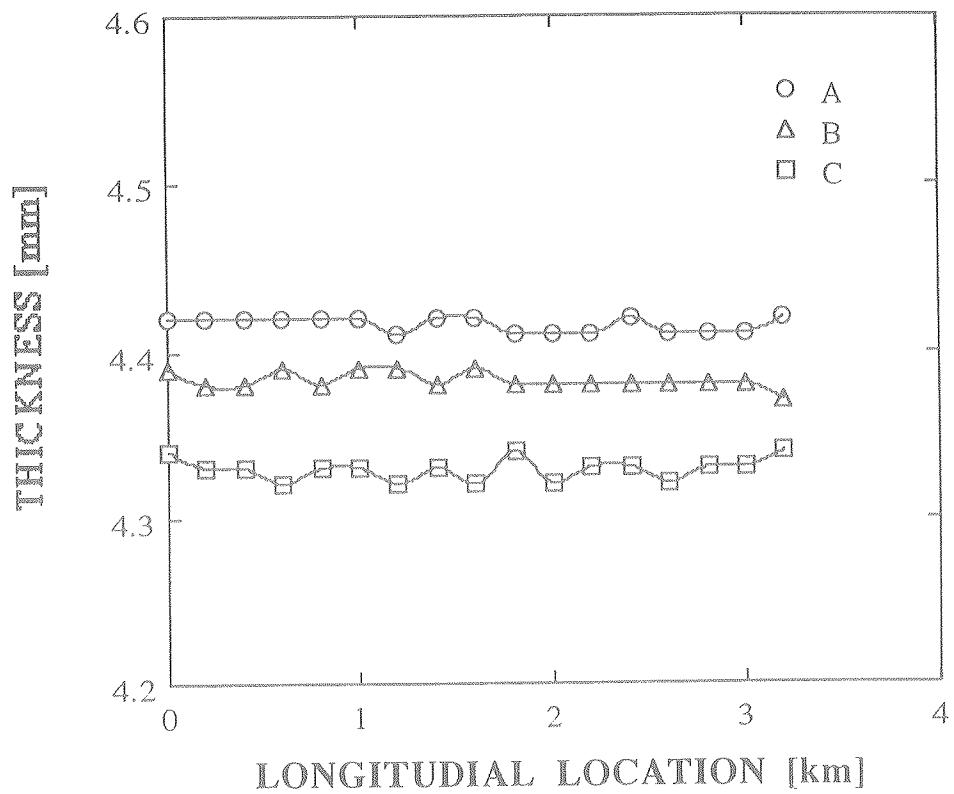


RRR vs. Magnetic Field

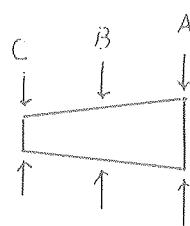
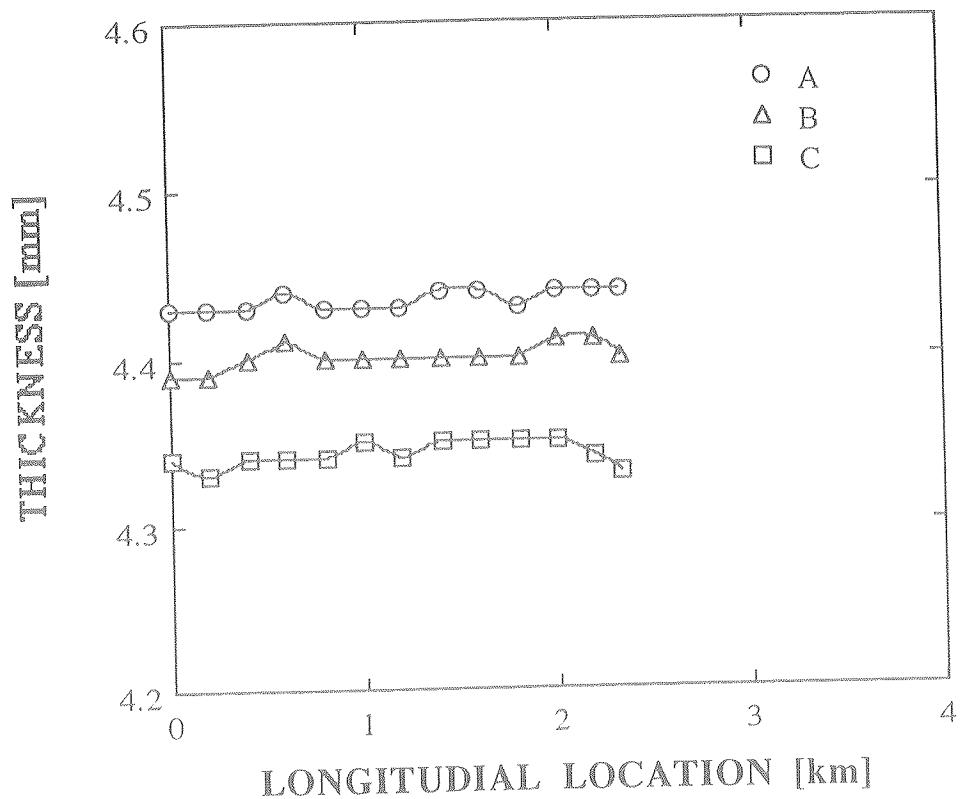


Critical Current vs. Magnetic Field

L 0 T - 1



L O T - 2



# L O T - 3

